

# Which inhaler(s) do you use for Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)?

LAMAs: Long-acting muscarinic antagonists		LABAs: Long-acting $\beta_2$ -agonists		LAMA/LABA combinations		ICS/LABA combinations (inhaled corticosteroid/Long-acting $\beta_2$ -agonist)	
	<b>Braltus® Zonda®</b> (tiotropium)		<b>Onbrez® Breezhaler®</b> (indacaterol)		<b>Anoro® Ellipta®</b> (umeclidinium/vilanterol)		<b>Breo® Ellipta®</b> (fluticasone furoate/vilanterol)
	<b>Bretaris® Genuair®*</b> (aclidinium)		<b>Foradile® Aerolizer®†</b> (formoterol (eformoterol))		<b>Brimica® Genuair®*</b> (aclidinium/formoterol (eformoterol))		<b>Cipla®</b> (fluticasone propionate/salmeterol)
	<b>Incruse® Ellipta®</b> (umeclidinium)		<b>Oxis® Turbuhaler®†</b> (formoterol (eformoterol))		<b>Spiolto®</b> (tiotropium/olodaterol)		<b>DuoResp® Spiromax®</b> (budesonide/formoterol (eformoterol))
	<b>Seebri® Breezhaler®</b> (glycopyrronium)		<b>Serevent® Accuhaler®†</b> (salmeterol)		<b>Ultibro® Breezhaler®</b> (indacaterol/glycopyrronium)		<b>Fostair®†</b> (beclometasone/formoterol (eformoterol))
	<b>Spiriva® Handihaler® &amp; Respimat®</b> (tiotropium)						<b>Seretide® Accuhaler® &amp; MDI</b> (fluticasone propionate/salmeterol)
							<b>Symbicort® Rapihaler® &amp; Turbuhaler®</b> (budesonide/formoterol (eformoterol))

Short-acting reliever medicines							<b>ICS/LAMA/LABA combinations</b>			
	<b>Airomir® Autohaler®</b> (salbutamol)	<b>Airomir® Inhaler®†</b> (salbutamol)	<b>Asmol® Inhaler</b> (salbutamol)	<b>Atrovent® Metered Aerosol</b> (ipratropium)	<b>Bricanyl® Turbuhaler®</b> (terbutaline)	<b>Ventolin® Inhaler</b> (salbutamol)		<b>Breztri Aerosphere™</b> (budesonide/ glycopyrronium/ formoterol fumarate dihydrate)	<b>Trelegy® Ellipta®</b> (fluticasone furoate/ umeclidinium/vilanterol)	<b>Trimbow®</b> (beclometason/eformoterol (eformoterol)/glycopyrronium)

